

# Normatives

The European Union, through the communitarian regulation n.834/2007, defines the organic production as a “global system of organic business management and food agricultural production based on the interaction among the best environmental practises, a high level of biodiversity, the safeguard of natural resources, the application of rigorous criteria concerning animals’ well-being and a production that is suitable for consumers’ well-being, made of products which are the result of natural substances and methods. The organic production method has a double social function, on the one hand it responds to the demand of organic products from consumers, while, on the other, it provides common goods that contribute to environmental protection, animals’ well-being and rural development.”

The EU has established various and detailed norms concerning organic production, transformation, distribution, labelling and controls:

Regulation (CE) n. 834/2007 concerning organic production and labelling;

The applications of the former are explained in Regulation (CE) n. 889/2008 and in Regulation (CE) n. 1235/2008.

The Italian Government, in compliance with the Communitarian normative, has established, on the 8 February 2011, the ‘Dispositions for applying the Regulations (CE) n. 834/2007, n. 889/2008, n. 1235/2008 and further changes concerning organic production and organic products labelling’.

- [Document 8 February 2011](#)
- [Regulation \(CE\) n. 834/2007](#)
- [Regulation \(CE\) n. 889/2008](#)
- [Regulation \(CE\) n. 1235/2008](#)